GenIUS

Style Sheet for Authors and Editors

(to be used for contributions in languages other than Italian)

1. General info/layout

- Margins: top 2.5 cm; bottom 2 cm; left and right 2 cm
- Font type: Times New Roman
- Font size: 12 pt. (text) and 10 pt. (footnotes)
- Title of the article: 14 pt., **bold**
- Title of sections: 12 pt., bold
- First line (only in text, not in footnotes): 1 cm
- Sections: to be numbered progressively (1, 2, 3, etc.), introduction should also be numbered
- Headings: different levels are possible (e.g. 1, 1.1, 1.1.1)
- Maximum number of characters (with spaces): 50,000 (amounting to 20 pages ca)

Please include:

- Table of content: to be added between the title of the article and the abstract
- Abstract: two versions English and Italian max 10 lines
- Header: from top 1cm, from bottom 1 cm; top left name of the Journal, top right – author(s) full name(s)
- Name of the author(s) before the title of the article with a footnote marked with an asterisk * (for each author in case of co-authored article). In these footnote(s), please provide title and affiliation of each author.

2. Text

- Abbreviations:
 - names of administrative/judicial authorities and journals should be written always in full: e.g. always Tribunal (not Trib.), Court of Appeal (not CoA), Constitutional Court (not CC or Const. Court), European Journal of International Law (not EJIL)
 - o only the first name of authors should be abbreviated: e.g. R. Wintemute
 - common abbreviations are nonetheless allowed: see the full list at the end of this style sheet (section 5, below)
- Italics should be avoided: only for Latin or words in another language
- Dates should be given as follows: 11 September 2011
- Footnote numbers: to be placed *before* punctuation marks (e.g. in line with the Constitutional Court's case law¹.)
- Blank space(s):
 - do not add blank spaces between two first names (e.g. G.U. Rescigno), organisations or associations' names (e.g. UN, ILGA), and between the footnote and punctuation marks (e.g. Court's case law¹.)
 - Add blank spaces only before and after hyphens, as follows: ...the judge i.e. the ECtHR decided that....
- Enclose quotations in double quotation marks: e.g. "..."

3. Footnotes

- Use always footnotes (not endnotes are allowed)
- Each contribution should start with footnote number 1 and ends with a full stop
- When referring to the previous footnote please use *Ibid.*, p.
- After the first mention, references to books/chapters/articles should take a shortened form as follows: Author (first name abbreviated, surname in full), ivi, p.
- If more than one page (p.) or paragraph (para.) should be referred to, use pp. or paras. In case of multiple pp. or paras., it is possible to use ff.: e.g. pp. 23 ff., paras. 23 ff.

4. References/citations

Books

- format: Author (first name abbreviated, surname in full), Title of the Book (in italics), place of publication, publisher, year, p. (or pp. if more than one page)
- for books in English, all words except for conjunctions or prepositions should start with a capital letter

Example: M. Rossi, Sexual Orientation in International Law, Oxford, OUP, 2012, p. 23

Edited collections/Chapters in Edited collections

- o format: Author (first name abbreviated, surname in full), Title of the Chapter (in italics), in Title of the Edited Collection (in italics), name of Editor(s) (first name abbreviated, surname in full) followed by (ed.), place of publication, publisher, year, p. (or pp. if more than one page)
- o (ed.) in French becomes (Sous la direction de)
- for chapters in English, all words except for conjunctions or prepositions should start with a capital letter

Example: M. Rossi, Sexual Orientation in International Law, in A Living Instrument: The European Convention on Human Rights, A. Verdi (ed.) Oxford, OUP, 2012, p. 23

• Articles in Journals (names always in full – see above)

- o format: Author (first name abbreviated, surname in full), Title of the Article (in italics), in Title of the Journal (in italics and in full), year, number of the issue (if necessary), p. (or pp. if more than one page)
- for articles in English, all words for titles and journals except for conjunctions or prepositions should start with a capital letter

Example: M. Rossi, Sexual Orientation in International Law, in Human Rights Law Review, 2012, no. 3, p. 23 (or pp. 23 ff.)

Please consider also that:

 for articles published in electronic journals, mention the name of the Journal in full followed by the hyperlink: e.g. M. Rossi, Sexual Orientation in International Law, in Human Rights Online Review, www.humanrightsonlinereview.it o for articles published in *GENIUS*, cite as follows: M. Rossi, *Sexual Orientation in International Law*, in this *Journal*, 2012, no. 2, p. 23 (or "pp. 23 ff." if you would like to refer to more than one page)

European case law

Follow these examples:

- o ECtHR, 24 June 2010, Schalk and Kopf v. Austria
- CJEU, 21 December 2011, joined cases C-411/10 and C-493/10, N.S. and Others

European legislation and non-binding acts

Follow these examples:

- Regulation (EU) No 604/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 establishing the criteria and mechanisms for determining the Member State responsible for examining an application for international protection lodged in one of the Member States by a third-country national or a stateless person (recast), in OJEU, L 180 of 30 June 2013, Art. xy
- EP, Declaration of the EU as an LGBTIQ Freedom Zone, 2021/2557(RSP), 11 March 2021
- PACE, Situation of Immigrant Women in Europe, recc. 1261 (1995), 15
 March 1995
- CM, Recommendation (2002)5 to Member States on the Protection of Women against Violence, 30 April 2002

National legislation/decisions:

- As a general rule, follow the national citation rules
- If unsure, a format can be: Name of the Tribunal (in full), date of the decision, Name of the applicants/parties (in italics) if present, no. of the case

Examples:

- Italian Supreme Court, Second Civil Section, 24 January 2014 no. 1234
- HJ (Iran) and HT (Cameroon) v. Secretary of State for the Home Department [2010] UKSC 31

5. Common acronyms

AU - African Union

CAT - United Nations Committee Against Torture

CCPR - Human Rights Committee

CEDAW - United Nations Committee for the Eradication of Discrimination against Women

CERD - United Nations Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination

CESCR - United Nations Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

CM - Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe

CoE - Council of Europe

CFR - Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU

CJEU - Court of Justice of the European Union

CRC - United Nations Committee of the Rights of the Child

ECHR – European Convention on Human Rights

ECtHR - European Court of Human Rights

FRA – Fundamental Rights Agency of the EU

NGO - Non-governmental organisations

OAS – Organisation of American States

OHCHR - Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights

OJEU - Official Journal of the European Union

PACE – Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe

PE – European Parliament

TEU – Treaty on the European Union

TFEU - Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union

UN - United Nations

UNHCHR —United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (Alto Commissariato delle Nazioni unite per i diritti umani)

UNGA - United Nations General Assembly